DEE-23116 Introduction to Smart Grids P. Järventausta

Exam 14.12.2015 Own calculator is NOT allowed to use in the exam

## You can answer in English or in Finnish

## 1. Are the following statements true?

TTY

You have three options to be selected (Y=yes / N=no / DK = don't know). Right answer means one point (+1p) and the wrong answer one minus point (-1p). If you choose the option DK (= don't know), you will get zero point (0p).

- a) A microgrid can be determined as a segment of Smart Grid with intended island operation capability.
- b) European Union's 20-20-20 targets means that 60 % of energy consumption in EU comes from renewable resources.
- c) One essential feature of Smart Grids is that the power flows are controllable and multi-directional.
- d) In Nordic electricity market there is only one common electricity exchange for the wholesale market, but independent transmission system operators (TSOs) in each countries.
- f) In meshed (i.e ring) configuration relay protection practices are simple and power losses are higher than in radial configuration of power grid.
- g) In the traditional concept of power balance management customers' consumption has followed production, but in the concept of Smart Grids production follows consumption (i.e. frequency is controlled only by generators)
- 2. Define shortly the following terms or concepts (1.5 p/each)
  - a) Day-ahead (spot) market
  - b) Time-of-use pricing
  - b) HEMS
  - c) V2G

## 3. List

- a) the main benefits which can be achieved by "Demand Response" (3p)
- b) the drivers and barriers for electrification of road transportation (3p)

## 4. Describe briefly

- a) Reasons why power electronics is increasingly widely applied in distribution networks (3p)
- b) The reclose sequence of MV feeder protection relay for temporary and permanent faults (3p)