Tampere University of Technology Electrical Engineering

Fundamentals of Electrical and Power Engineering DEE-23106 16.10. 2015

Anna Kulmala

Programmable calculator allowed

5 questions/ á 6 pts

Question 1: Fig 1 shows a special circuit where the diode D denotes an ideal diode. The initial values of the circuit are zero. Compute the time-domain response of the voltage v_{C1} when a step change of 1 A is applied to its input current. Utilize the basic relation between the capacitor current and voltage for solving the problem. Sketch the waveform of v_{C1} .

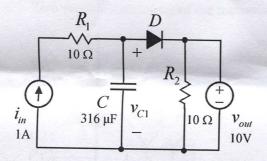


Fig. 1. The circuit of question 1.

- Question 2: A three-phase load is fed through a three-phase feeder. The source phase voltage of phase a at the feeding end of the feeder is $325\cos(377t+55^\circ)V$. The feeder is 1.5 km long, having parameters R=1.3 Ω/km and X=0.2 Ω/km . The load is a constant impedance load having impedance of $(10+j4)\Omega/phase$.
 - a) Draw the single-line diagram of the network and calculate the phase currents. Draw the phasor diagram of the current and voltage of phase a.
 - b) Calculate the three-phase real power, reactive power, apparent power and power factor of the source.
 - c) Calculate the three-phase real power, reactive power, apparent power and power factor of the load.
- Question 3: Fig. 2 presents an electric circuit and all the relevant parameter values are given on the figure.
 - a) Determine the nodal admittance matrix of the electric circuit.
 - b) Calculate the voltage at node 2.
 - c) Determine the powers injected by the two voltage sources at nodes 1 and 3.

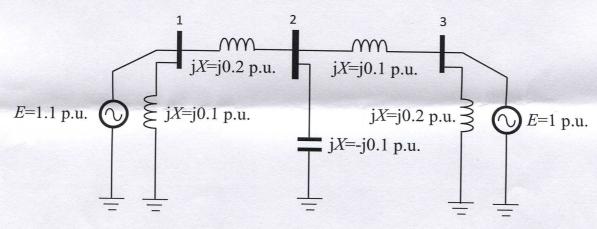


Fig. 2. The electric circuit of question 3.

Tampere University of Technology Electrical Engineering

Fundamentals of Electrical and Power Engineering DEE-23106 16.10.2015

Anna Kulmala

Programmable calculator allowed

5 questions/ á 6 pts

Draw the positive, negative and zero sequence impedance networks for the power system in **Question 4:**

Fig. 3. Use per unit values. Generator 1 (G1): 25 MVA, 11 kV, X'' = 0.15, X2 = 0.1, X0 = 0.03 pu

Generator 2 (G2): 15 MVA, 11 kV, $X^{"} = 0.2$, X2 = 0.15, X0 = 0.05 pu

Synchronous motor 1 (M1): 25 MVA, 8 kV, X'' = 0.2, X2 = 0.2, X0 = 0.1 pu

Transformer 1 (T1): 50 MVA, 11/220 kV, X = 8 %Transformer 2 (T2): 25 MVA, 220/8 kV, X = 10 %

Zero sequence reactance of the transmission line is 230 % of its positive sequence reactance.

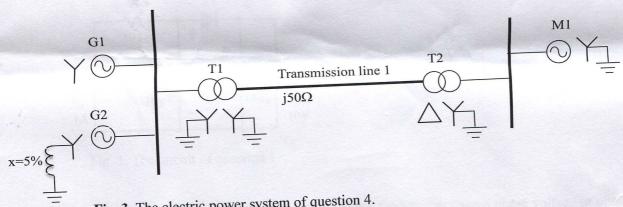


Fig. 3. The electric power system of question 4.

Plan a high-pass filter using any passive circuit components. **Question 5:**

- a) Draw the circuit diagram and determine the transfer function between output and input voltages $u_0/u_{\rm in}$.
- b) Draw an approximate Bode diagram of your transfer function.
- c) Determine such component values that the cutoff frequency of the filter is 350 Hz.